

# Model Name: T315XW03 VF

Issue Date: 2010/01/15

( )Preliminary Specifications(\*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date					
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# **Record of Revision**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.1	2011/01/15		First release
1.0	2010/02/28	4	Update General Information
		6	Update Power Supply Input Current
		9	Update Electrical Characteristics



## 1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD SKD model T315XW03 VF. This LCD open cell unit has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This module supports 1,366x768 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in horizontal stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with an 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

#### \* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.5	inch	
Display Area	697.685(H) x 392.256(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	716.18(H) x 413.97(V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,366x768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.51075	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB horizontal stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti Glare, 3H		Haze=2%
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.



# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

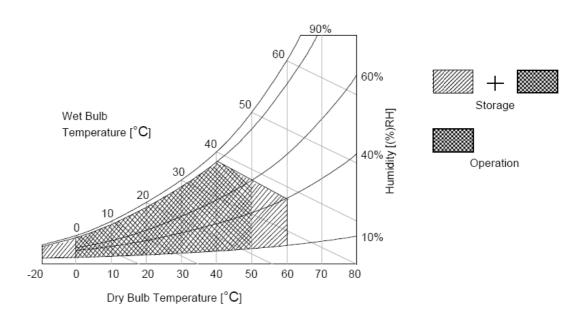
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	НОР	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39<sup>°</sup>C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of  $40^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than  $40^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed  $39^{\circ}$ C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





# 3. Electrical Specification

The T315XW03 VF open cell unit requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power back light unit.

### 3.1 Electrical Characteristics

#### 3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Dorometer	Cumbal		Value		Unit	Note
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offile	INOLE
LCD							
Power Sup	ply Input Voltage	$V_{DD}$	10.8	12	13.2	$V_{DC}$	
Power Sup	ply Input Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		0.23	0.36	Α	1
Power Cor	sumption	Pc	-	2.76	4.32	Watt	1
Inrush Cur	rent	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-		3	Α	2
	Input Differential Voltage	$\mid V_{\text{ID}} \mid$	200	400	600	$mV_{DC}$	3
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_{TH}$	+100		+300	$mV_{DC}$	3
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	$V_{TL}$	-300		-100	$mV_{DC}$	3
	Input Common Mode Voltage	$V_{ICM}$	1.1	1.25	1.4	$V_{DC}$	3
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub> (High)	2.7		3.3	$V_{DC}$	4
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub> (Low)	0		0.6	$V_{DC}$	4



### 3.1.2: AC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	Note
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	6
LVDS Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum  Modulation frequency	Fss	30	-	200	KHz	6
interface	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	7

#### Note:

1. Test condition

(1)  $V_{DD} = 12.0V$ ,

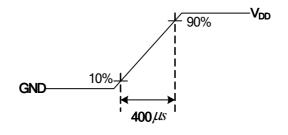
(2) Fv = 60Hz,

(3) Fclk= 82 MHz

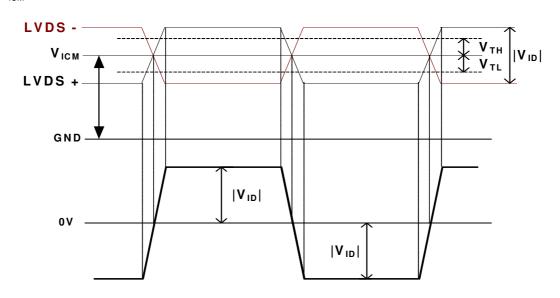
(4) Temperature = 25 °C

(5) Typ. Input current: White Pattern

2. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us

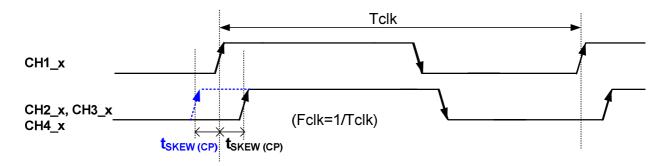


3.  $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$ 



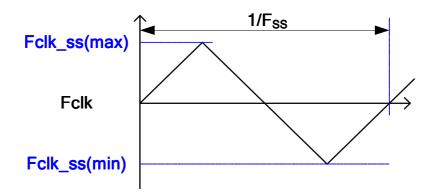


- 4. The measure points of  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 5. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



Note: x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

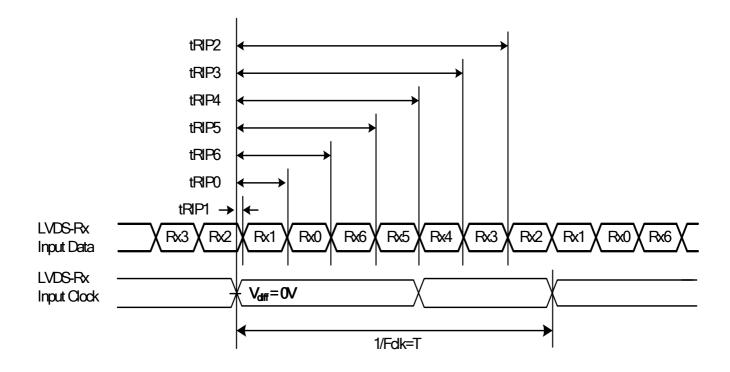
6. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures





### 7. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Cumbal		Unit	Note		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	





### 3.2 Interface Connections

LCD connector: 093G30-B0001A-1 (Starconn LVDS conncetor)

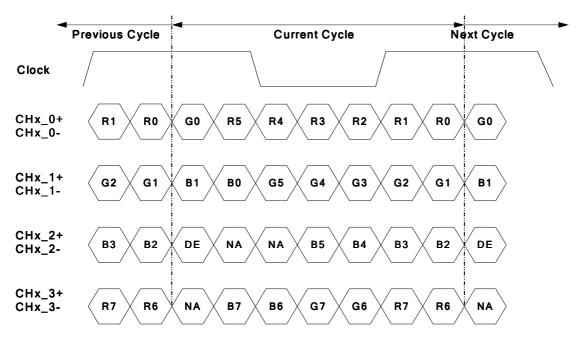
Mating connector: 107J30-100000-00 (Starconn LVDS connector)

PIN	Symbol	Description					
1	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated					
2	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated					
3	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated					
4	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated					
5	GND	Ground					
6	GND	Ground					
7	GND	Ground					
8	GND	Ground					
9	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA					
10	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only					
11	GND	Ground					
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-					
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+					
14	GND Ground						
15	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-					
16	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+					
17	GND	Ground					
18	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-					
19	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+					
20	GND	Ground					
21	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -					
22	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +					
23	GND	Ground					
24	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-					
25	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+					
26	GND	Ground					
27	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only					
28	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only					
29	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only					
30	GND	Ground					

Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).

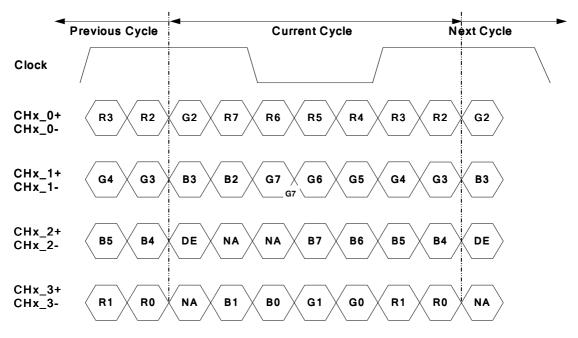


## LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

## LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



### 3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

### **Timing Table (DE only Mode)**

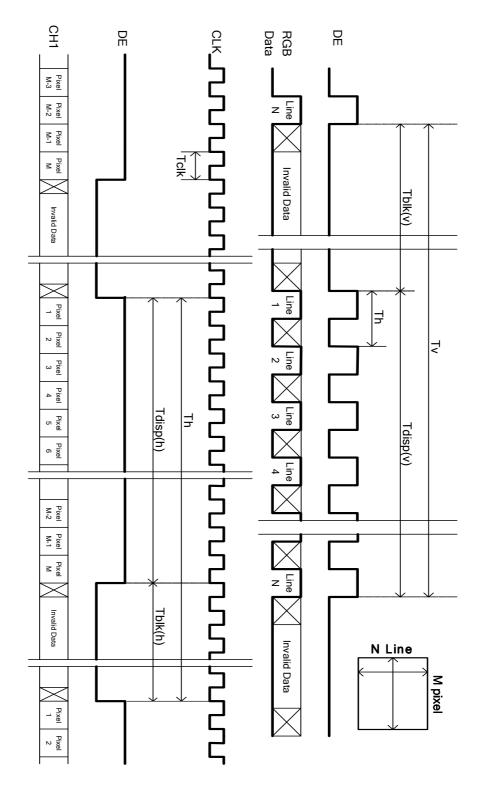
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	784	810	1015	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		768		Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	42	247	Th
	Period	Th	1460	1648	2000	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		1366		
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	94	282	634	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	80	86	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	43	48	53	KHz

#### Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
  Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



## 3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





### 3.5 Color Input Data Reference

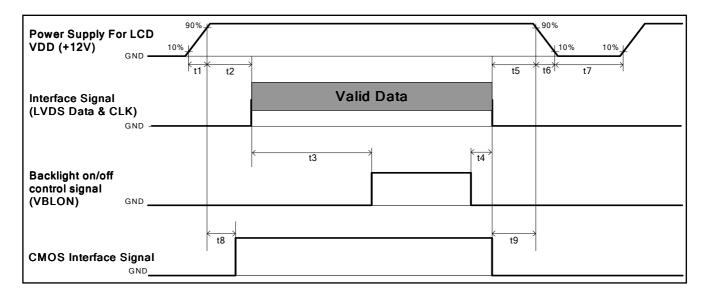
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

#### **COLOR DATA REFERENCE**

											I	npu	t Co	olor	Data	a									
	Color	RED								GREEN					BLUE										
	Coloi	MSB LSB I					MS	В					LS	SB	MSB LSB										
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В								9=111111111111111111111111111111111111						eratiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii									546111111111111111111111111111111111111		
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



### 3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Davastas		1155		
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		150	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0*1			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2 	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10 <sup>*3</sup>		50	ms
t9	0			ms

#### Note:

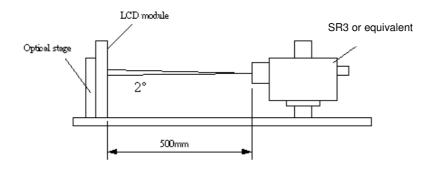
- (1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.
- (2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)
- (3) When CMOS Interface signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.



# 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\varphi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Davamatav	Cumbal	Values			Unit	Natas
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	2,400	3,000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L <sub>WH</sub>	320	400		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	δ <sub>WHITE(9P)</sub>			1.33		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates						
Red	$R_{X}$		0.64			
	$R_Y$		0.33			
Green	G <sub>X</sub>	0.29				
	$G_Y$	T 0.00	0.60	T 0.00		
Blue	B <sub>X</sub>	Тур0.03	0.15	Тур.+0.03		
	B <sub>Y</sub>		0.06			
White	W <sub>X</sub>		0.280	<u>'</u>		
	$W_{Y}$		0.290			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{r}$		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	$\theta_{\text{u}}$		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	



The optical date are measured from AUO T315XW03 VF module and it is only for reference.

It depends on customer's backlight design

#### Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio= 
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{off5}}}$$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current  $I_H = 11mA$ .  $L_{WH}$ =Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$ = Maximum( $L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9}$ )/ Minimum( $L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ... L_{on9}$ )

4. Response time  $T_{\gamma}$  is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on  $F_{\nu}$ =120Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target						
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
Start	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%		
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%		
	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%		
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%		
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%			

 $T_{\gamma}$  is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated)

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

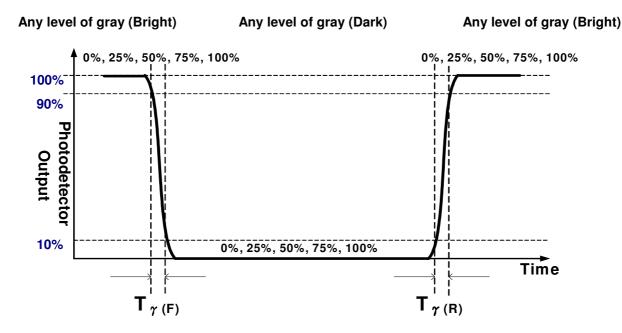
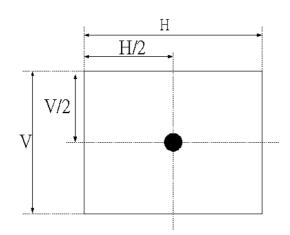
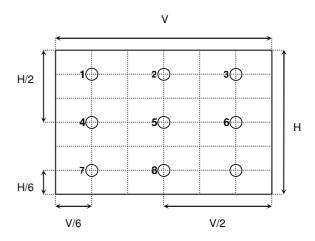




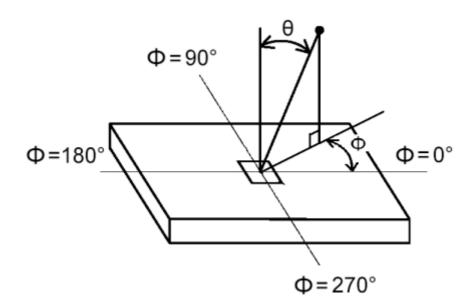
FIG. 2 Luminance





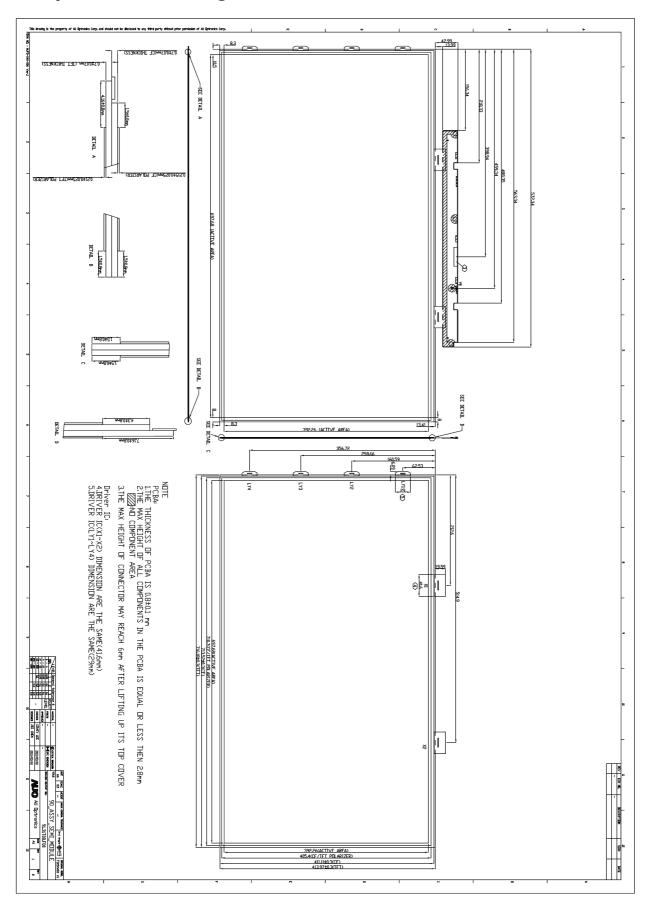
5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

### FIG.3 Viewing Angle





# 5. Open Cell Drawing





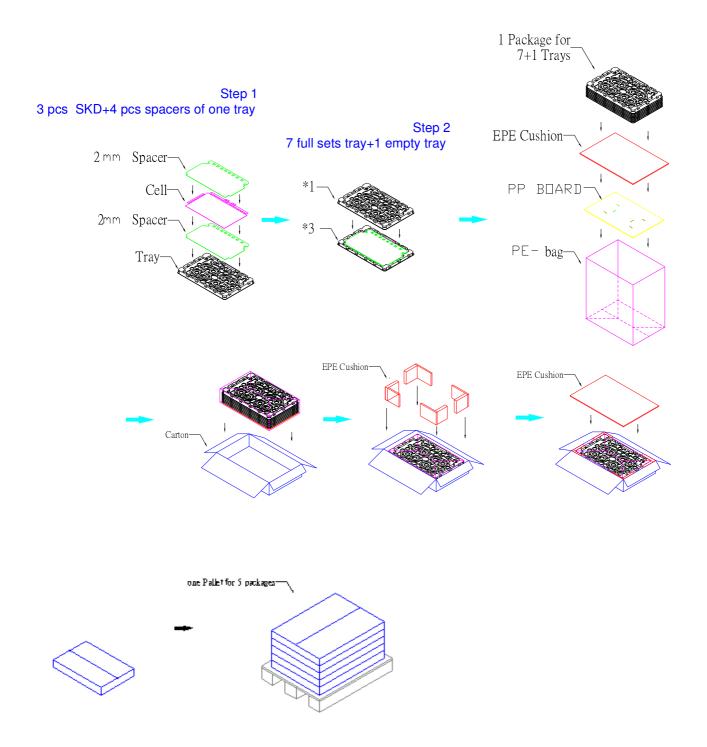
# 6. Reliability Test Items

## Open cell reliability test is based on T315XW03 VF

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C , 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃ , 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°C , 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
5	Vibration test (With carton)	4 (DICO)	Random wave (1.5Grms 10~200Hz)  Duration: X,Y,Z 30min per axes
6	Drop test (With carton)	1 (PKG)	30.5cm, Surround four flats and bottom flat twice (ASTMD4169), 1corner, 3edge, 6surfaces



# 7. Packing



Carton: 970(L)mm\*588(W)mm\*280(H)mm

Pallet: 1180mm\*980mm\*132mm



### 8. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD Open Cell unit.

#### 8-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the cell. And the frame on which a cell is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the cell.
- (2) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (3) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (3) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (4) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (5) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (6) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (7) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 8-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The open cell unit listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:
- V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (4) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

#### 8-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a open cell unit is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.



#### 8-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 8-5 STORAGE

When storing open cell units as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the open cell unit to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between  $5^{\circ}$  and  $35^{\circ}$  at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 8-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM OF POLARIZER

The protection film of polarizer is still attached on the surface as you receive open cell units. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is easily generated on the polarizer surface. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.